thing by making sure that a changed configuration file is kept in place if possible and, if not, preserves it for manual consideration and application.

Finally, after the installation of a package, you can query a lot of its information.

OpenPKG RPM vs. Red Hat RPM

As mentioned, OpenPKG is based on a uniquely adjusted and extended RPM-based packaging facility that allows for very concise and clean package specifications and building of

*N.M.X-*SOLID). Once such a source RPM file is built, the new binary RPM file name contains additional information, such as operating system, hardware, and the OpenPKG instance prefix.

The OpenPKG developer team is very fast in keeping

support is under investigation, too. Lastly, we are looking forward to upgrading OpenPKG to use the forthcoming RPM 4.1 version.

References

OpenPKG: http://www.openpkg.org/ftp://ftp.openpkg.org/

OpenPKG Community Forums:

mai I to: openpkg-users@openpkg.org mai I to: openpkg-dev@openpkg.org nntp: //news.openpkg.org/openpkg.users nntp: //news.openpkg.org/openpkg.dev

RPM http://www.rpm.org/ftp://ftp.rpm.org/pub/rpm/

package information

Name: rsync

Remote Filesystem Synchronization Summary: http://rsync.samba.org/ Andrew Tridgell & Paul Mackerras URL:

Vendor: Packager: The OpenPKG Project

Distribution: OpenPKG [BASE]
Group: Filesystem GPL Li cense: 2. 5. 5 1. 1. 0 Versi on:

list of sources

Rel ease:

Source0: http://rsync.samba.org/ftp/rsync/rsync-%{version}.tar.gz

Source1: rsync. conf Source2: rc. rsync

build information

Prefix: %{l_prefix}
BuildRoot: %{l_buildroot}
BuildPreReq: OpenPKG, openpkg >= 1.1.0

PreReq: OpenPKG, openpkg >= 1.1.0

AutoReq: AutoReqProv: no

%description

Rsync is a replacement for rcp(1) that has many more features. Rsync uses the "rsync algorithm" which provides a very fast method for bringing remote files into sync. It does this by sending just the differences in the files across the link, without requiring that both sets of files are present at one of the ends of the link beginhre0}